



Civil & Structural Engineering Design Services Pty. Ltd.

Client: Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd

Project: Design check – 2.4m × 2.4m, 3m × 3m, 3m × 4.5m, 3m × 6m, 4m × 4m, 4m × 6m & 4m × 8m Tectonic Range Folding Marquees Structure for 60km/hr Wind Speed

Reference: Extreme Marquees Technical Data

Report by: KZ
Checked by: EAB
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JOB NO: E-11-265-134-4



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1 Introduction

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The following structural drawings and calculations are for the applicable transportable tents supplied by Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd.

The report examines the effect of 3s gust wind of 50 km/hr on 4m x8 m Folding Marquees as the worst case scenario. The relevant Australian Standards AS1170.0:2002 General principles, AS1170.1:2002 Permanent, imposed and other actions and AS1170.2:2011 Wind actions are used. The design check is in accordance with AS/NZS 4100:1998 Steel Structures.



2 Design Restrictions and Limitations

- 2.1 The erected structure is for temporary use only.
- 2.2 It should be noted that if high gust wind speeds are anticipated or forecast in the locality of the tent, the temporary erected structure should be folded.
- 2.3 For forecast winds in excess of (**refer to summary**) the structure should be completely folded.
(Please note that the locality squall or gust wind speed is affected by factors such as terrain exposure and site elevations.)
- 2.4 The structure may only be erected in regions with wind classifications no greater than the limits specified on the attached wind analysis.
- 2.5 The wind classifications are based upon category 2 in AS. Considerations have also been made to the regional wind terrain category, topographical location and site shielding from adjacent structures. Please note that in many instances topographical factors such as a location on the crest of a hill or on top of an escarpment may yield a higher wind speed classification than that derived for a higher wind terrain category in a level topographical region. For this reason, particular regard shall be paid to the topographical location of the structure. For localities which do not conform to the standard prescribed descriptions for wind classes as defined above, a qualified Structural Engineer may be employed to determine an appropriate wind class for that the particular site.
- 2.6 The structures in no circumstances shall ever be erected in tropical or severe tropical cyclonic condition.
- 2.7 The tent structure has not been designed to withstand snow and ice loadings such as when erected in alpine regions.
- 2.8 For the projects, where the site conditions approach the design limits, extra consideration should be given to pullout tests of the stakes and professional assessment of the appropriate wind classification for the site.
- 2.9 Design of fabric by others.
- 2.10 No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of unbraced Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.**

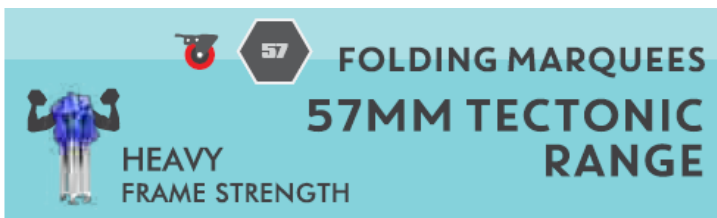


3 Specifications

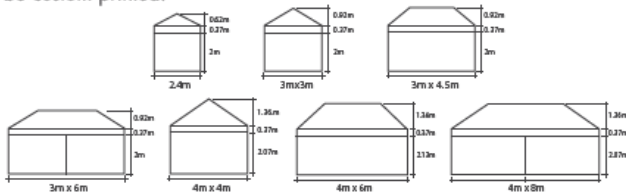
3.1 General

Tent category	
Material	Aluminum 6061 – T6

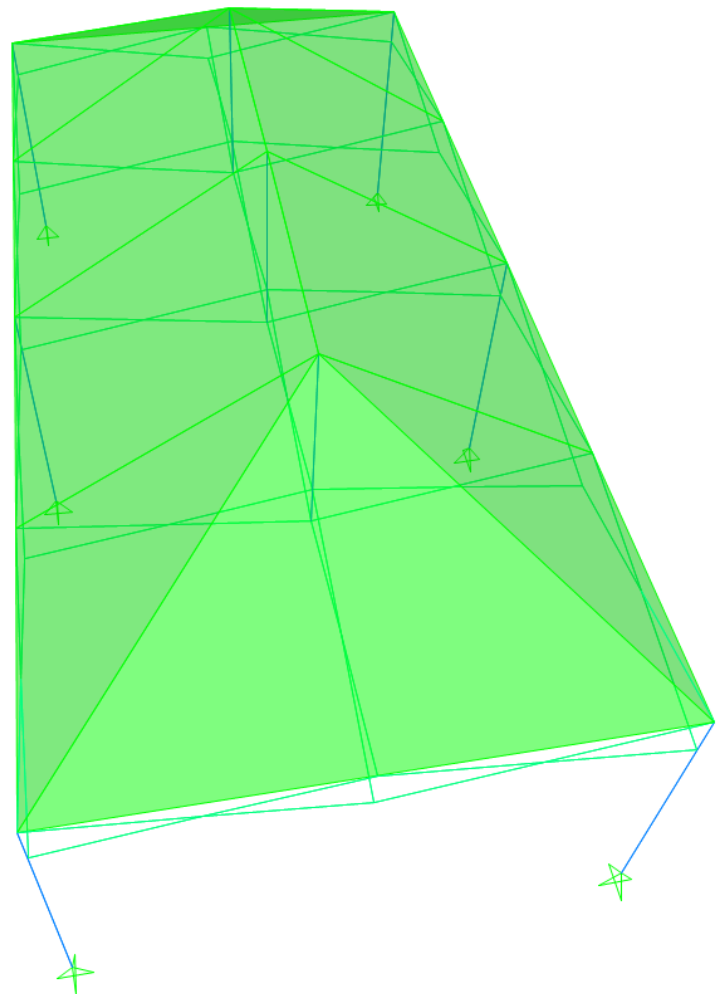
Size	Model
3m x 6m	Folding Marquees – Tectonic Range



The Extreme Tectonic Range is built to last. Built with 57mm hexagonal aluminium legs, the tectonic is the most heavy duty folding marquee on the Australian market. The frame also features pull ring pins for ease of setup, extruded aluminium connectors, steel feet and a spring tensioned roof system. Roofs are PVC coated polyester and available in 8 vibrant colours or can be custom printed.



Size	2.4x2.4	3x3m	3x4.5m	3x6m	4x4m	4x6m	4x8m
Height	2.99m	3.29m	3.29m	3.29m	3.73m	3.73m	3.73m
Clearance	2m						
Frame Box Dimensions	163x34x33	163x34x33	163x46x33	163x58x33	203x34x33	208x46x33	208x57x33
Frame Weight	30kg	33kg	43kg	56kg	35kg	51kg	69kg
Roof Canopy Weight	POLY 5kg PVC 7.5kg	7kg 11kg	10kg 17kg	13kg 19kg	11kg 19kg	15kg 23kg	20kg 31kg
Main Profile	57 x 50 x 2mm						
Truss Bars	36x18						
Material	Reinforced Aluminium						
Framework	6005/T6						
Pull Ring System	Yes						
Roof Tension	Spring						
Fabric	580GSM Imported Belgian PVC or PVC enforced polyester						
Nuts & Bolts	Stainless Steel						
Connectors	Extruded Aluminium						
Feet	Galvanised Steel						
Marquee Includes	Tie Down Ropes, Steel Pins & Protective Cover						
Warranty	10 Year						





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3.2 Section Properties

MEMBER(S)	Section	b	d	t	y _c	A _g	Z _x	Z _y	S _x	S _y	I _x	I _y	J	r _x	r _y
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm ²	mm ³	mm ³	mm ³	mm ³	mm ⁴	mm ⁴	mm ⁴	mm	mm
Upright Support	Hex 57x50	57	50	2	28.5	332.6	3692.8	3692.8	5324.0	5324.0	106602.0	106602.0	194193.0	17.9	17.9
Truss Bar	36x18x2	18	36	2	18.0	200.0	1764.1	1131.0	2248.0	1348.0	31754.7	10178.7	23674.9	12.6	7.1

4 Design Loads

4.1 Ultimate

		Distributed load (kPa)	Design load factor (-)	Factored imposed load (kPa)
Live	Q	-	1.5	-
Self weight	G	self weight	1.35, 1.2, 0.9	1.2 self weight, 0.9 self weight
3s 60km/hr gust	W	0.138 C _{fig}	1.0	0.138 C _{fig}

4.2 Load Combinations

4.2.1 Serviceability

Gravity = $1.0 \times G$

Wind = $1.0 \times G + 1.0 \times W$

4.2.2 Ultimate

Downward = $1.35 \times G$
 = $1.2 \times G + W_u$

Upward = $0.9 \times G + W_u$

5 Wind Analysis

Wind towards surface (+ve), away from surface (-ve)

5.1 Parameters

Terrain category = 2

Site wind speed ($V_{sit,\beta}$) = $V_R M_d (M_{z,cat} M_s M_t)$

$V_R = 13.89 \text{ m/s}$ (50 km/hr)

(regional 3 s gust wind speed)

$M_d = 1$

$M_s = 1$

$M_t = 1$

$M_{z,cat} = 0.91$

(Table 4.1(B) AS1170.2)

$V_{sit,\beta} = 16.67 \text{ m/s}$



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Height of structure (h) = 3 m
Width of structure (w) = 4 m
Length of structure (l) = 8 m

(mid of peak and eave)

$$\text{Pressure (P)} = 0.5\rho_{\text{air}} (V_{\text{sit},\beta})^2 C_{\text{fig}} C_{\text{dyn}}$$

$$= 0.138C_{\text{fig}} \text{ kPa}$$

5.2 Pressure Coefficients (C_{fig})

Name	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes	Ref.
Input					
Importance level		2			Table 3.1 - Table 3.2 (AS1170.0)
Annual probability of exceedance		Temporary			Table 3.3
Regional gust wind speed		60	Km/hr		Table 3.1 (AS1170.2)
Regional gust wind speed	V_R	16.67	m/s		
Wind Direction Multipliers	M_d	1			Table 3.2 (AS1170.2)
Terrain Category Multiplier	$M_{z,\text{cat}}$	0.91			Table 4.1 (AS1170.2)
Shield Multiplier	M_s	1			4.3 (AS1170.2)
Topographic Multiplier	M_t	1			4.4 (AS1170.2)
Site Wind Speed	$V_{\text{Site},\beta}$	15.17	m/s	$V_{\text{Site},\beta} = V_R * M_d * M_{z,\text{cat}} * M_s * M_t$	
Pitch	α	30	Deg		
Pitch	α	0.52	rad		
Width	B	4	m		
Length	D	8	m		
Height	Z	2.95	m		
Wind Pressure					
ρ_{air}	ρ	1.2	Kg/m ³		
dynamic response factor	C_{dyn}	1			
Wind Pressure	$\rho * C_{\text{fig}}$	0.138	Kg/m ²	$\rho = 0.5\rho_{\text{air}} * (V_{\text{des},\beta})^2 * C_{\text{fig}} * C_{\text{dyn}}$	2.4 (AS1170.2)
WIND DIRECTION 1 ($\theta=0,180$)					
4. Free Roof				$\alpha=0^\circ$	



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Area Reduction Factor	K_a	1			<i>D7</i>
local pressure factor	K_l	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	K_p	1			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,w}$	-0.3			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{P,w}$	0.8			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,l}$	-0.7			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{P,l}$	0			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,w}$	-0.30			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,w}$	0.80			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,l}$	-0.70			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,l}$	0.00			
Pressure Windward MIN	P	-0.04	kPa		
Pressure Windward MAX	P	0.11	kPa		
Pressure Leeward MIN	P	-0.10	kPa		
Pressure Leeward MAX	P	0.00	kPa		
WIND DIRECTION 2 ($\theta=90,270$)					
4. Free Roof				$\alpha=180^\circ$	<i>D7</i>
Area Reduction Factor	K_a	1			
local pressure factor	K_l	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	K_p	1			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,w}$	-0.3			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{P,w}$	0.4			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,l}$	-0.4			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{P,l}$	0			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,w}$	-0.30			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,w}$	0.40			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,l}$	-0.40			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,l}$	0.00			



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Pressure MIN (Windward Side)	P	-0.04	kPa
Pressure MAX (Windward Side)	P	0.06	kPa
Pressure MIN (Leeward Side)	P	-0.06	kPa
Pressure MAX (Leeward Side)	P	0.00	kPa

5.2.1 Pressure summary

WIND EXTERNAL PRESSURE	Direction1		Direction2		
	Min (Kpa)	Max (Kpa)		Min (Kpa)	Max (Kpa)
W	-0.04	0.11	W	-0.04	0.06
L	-0.10	0.00	L	-0.06	0.00

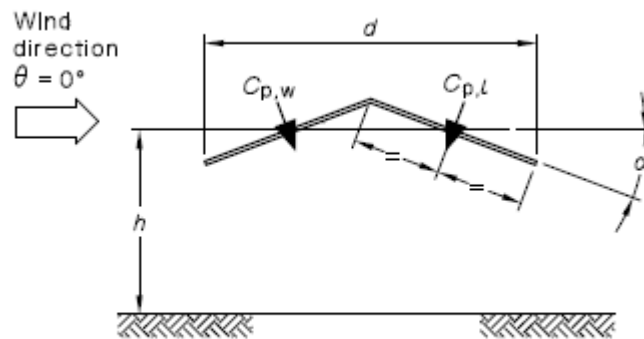
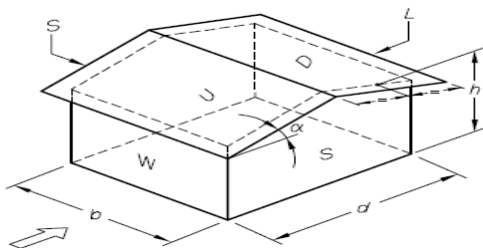
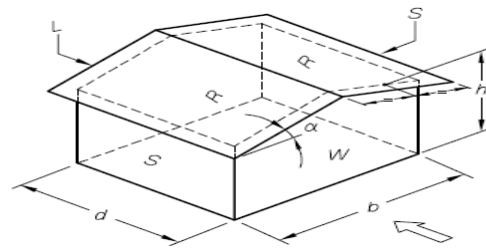


FIGURE D3 PITCHED FREE ROOFS



Direction 1



Direction 2

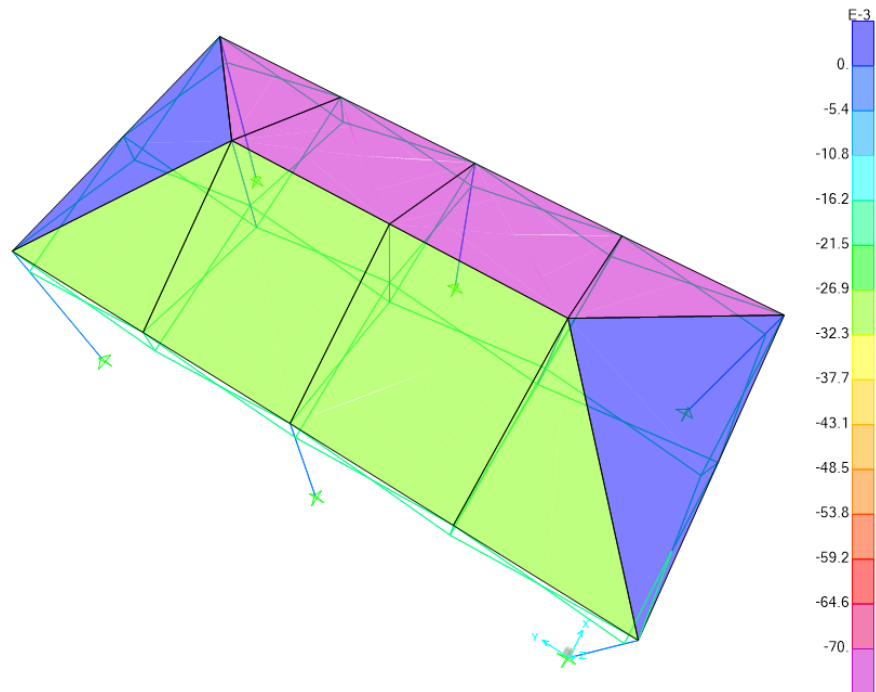
AS1170.2



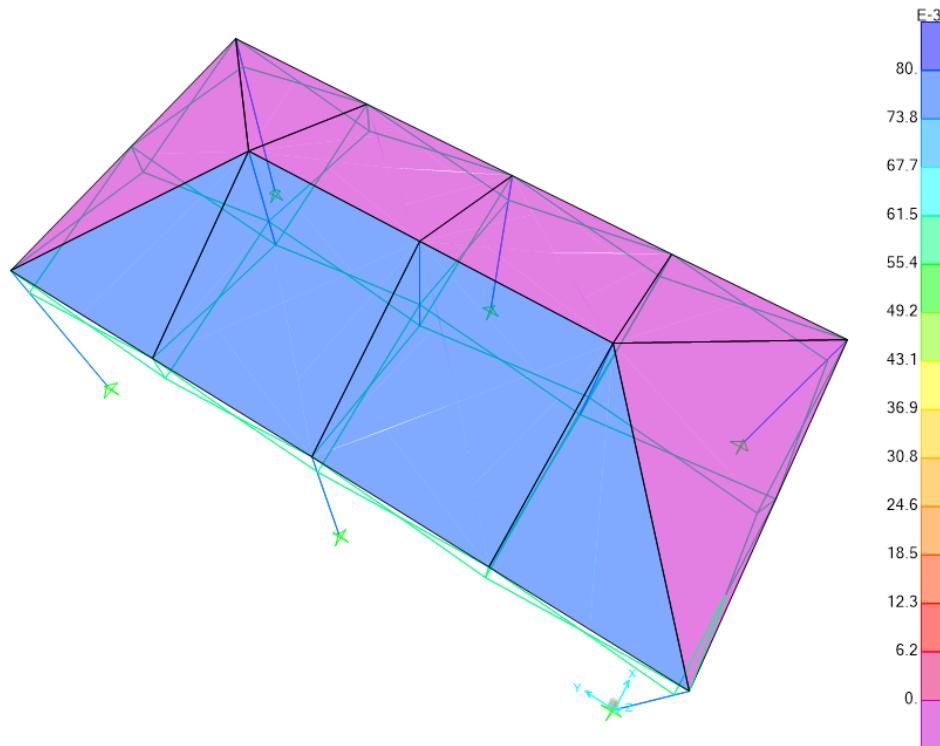
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5.3 Wind Load Diagrams

5.3.1 Wind 1(case 1)



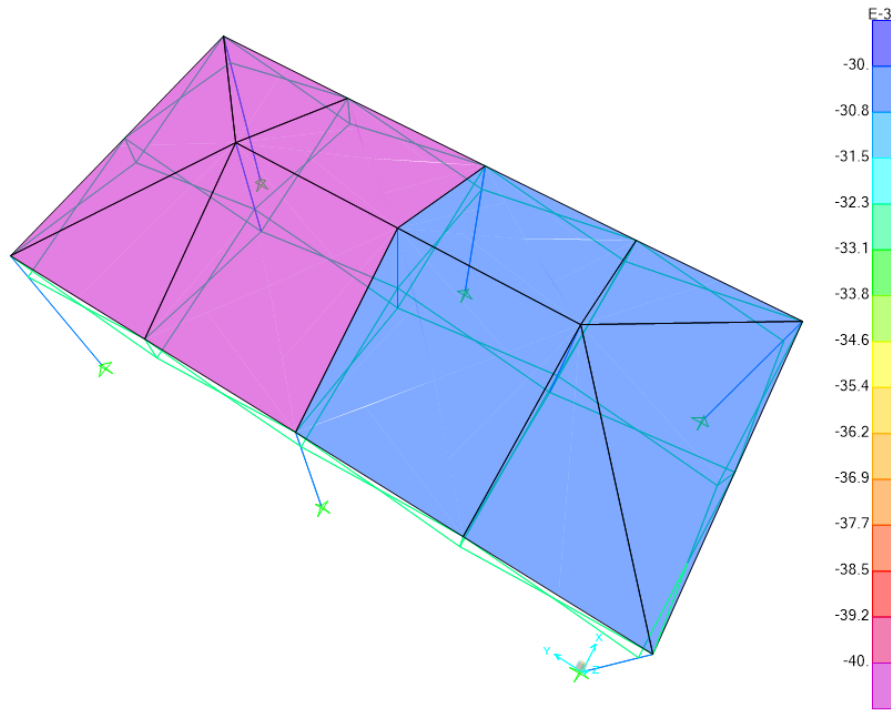
5.3.2 Wind 1(case 2)



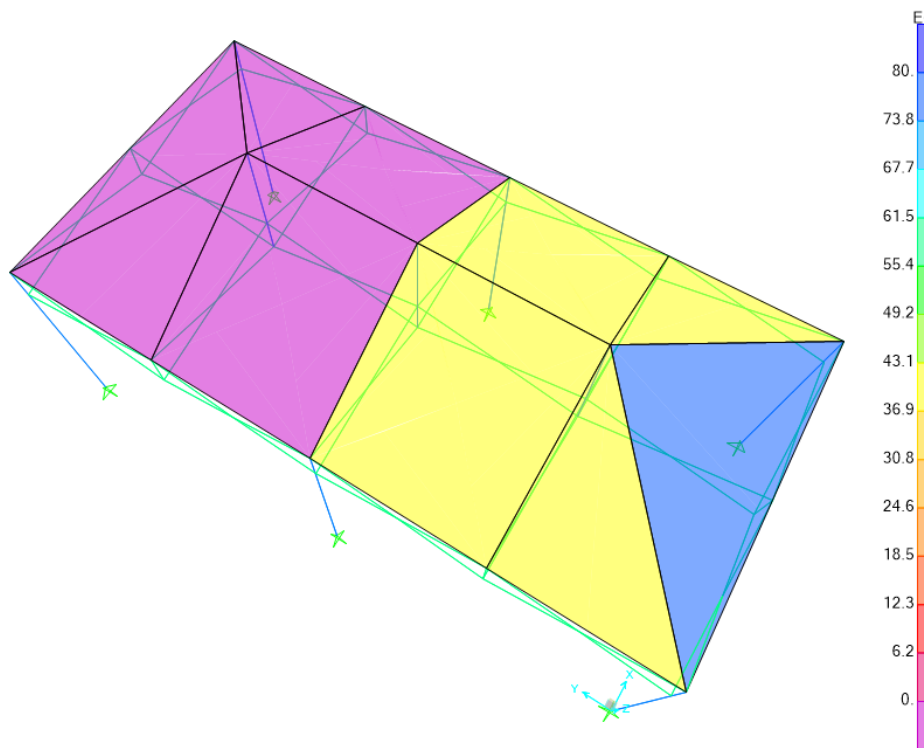


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5.3.3 Wind 2(Case1)



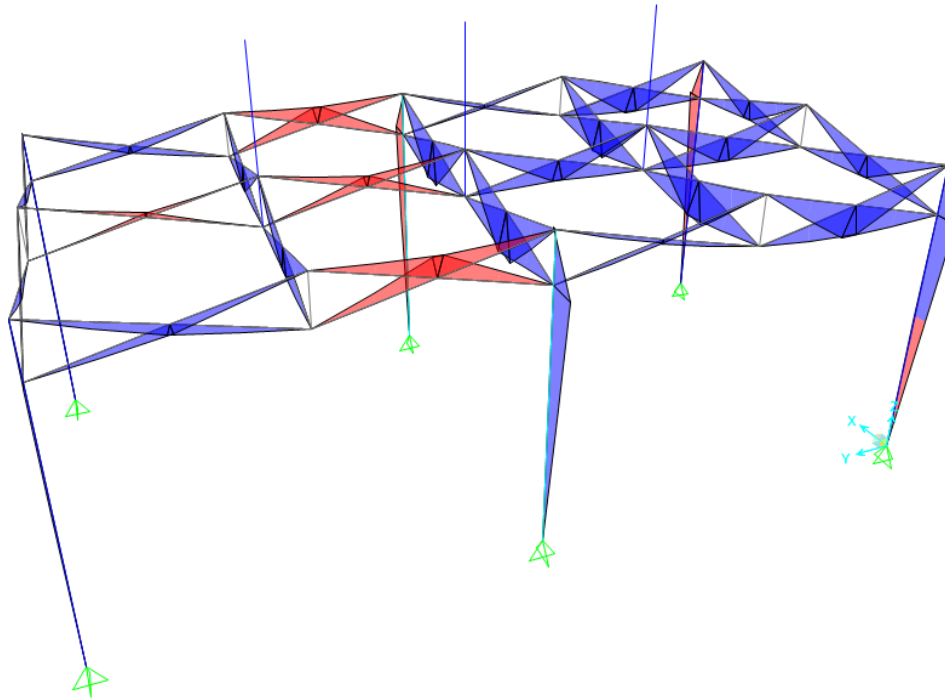
5.3.4 Wind 2(case 2)



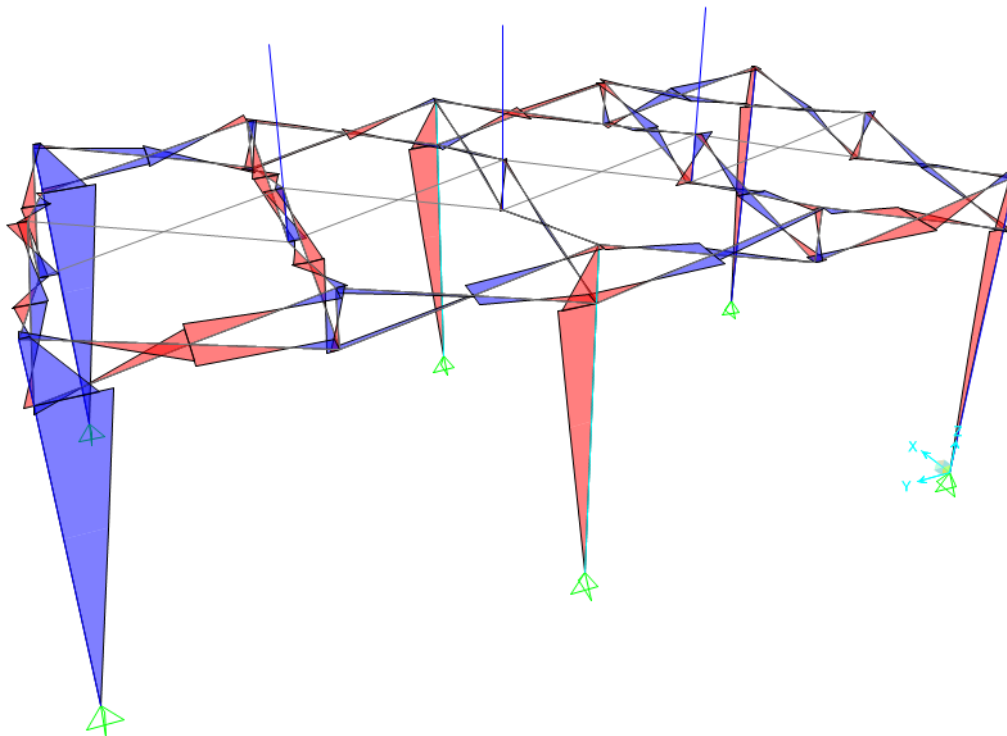
After 3D model analysis, each member is checked based on adverse load combination. In this regard the maximum bending moment, shear and axial force due to adverse load combinations for each member are presented as below:



5.3.5 Max Bending Moment due to critical load combination in major axis

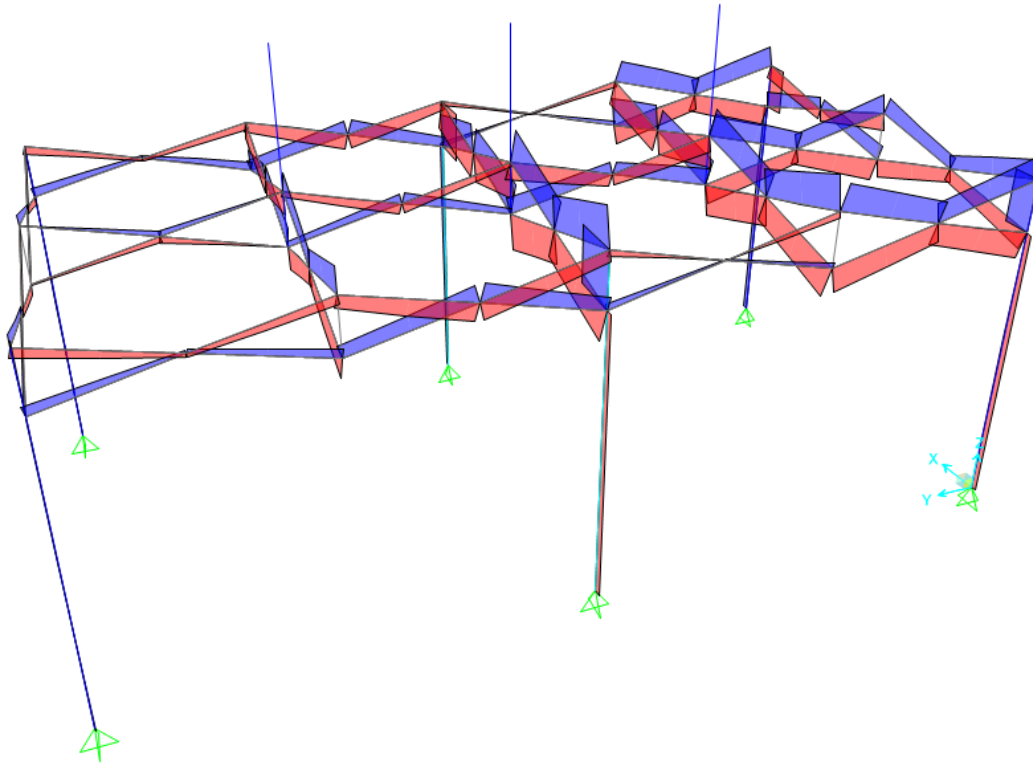


5.3.6 Max Bending Moment in minor axis due to critical load combination

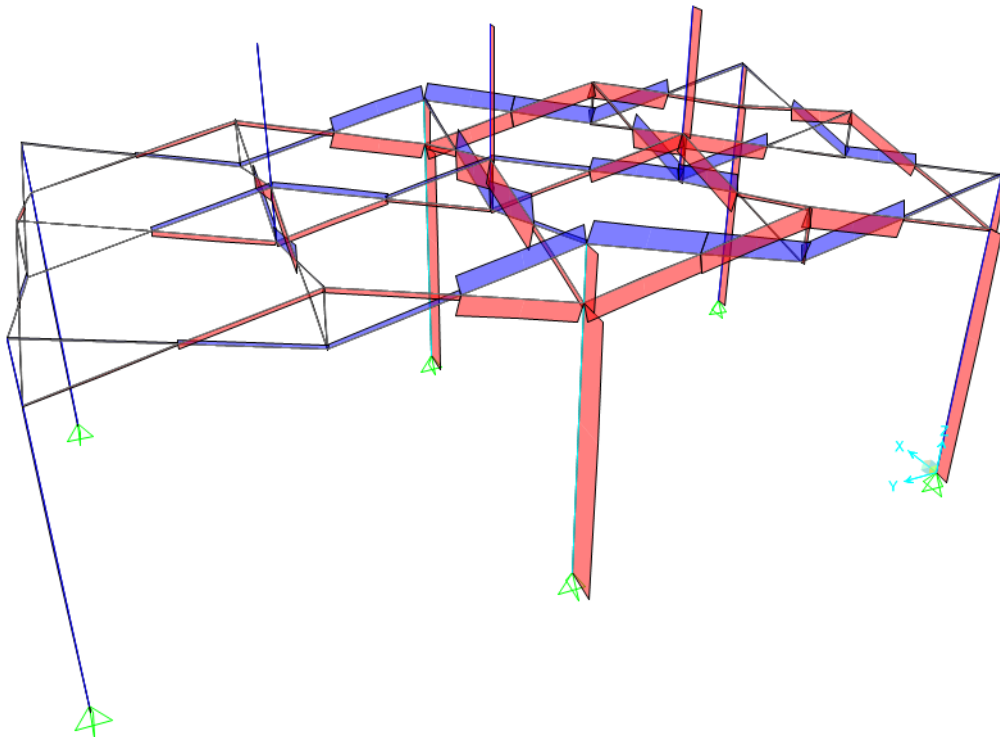




5.3.7 Max Shear in due to critical load combination



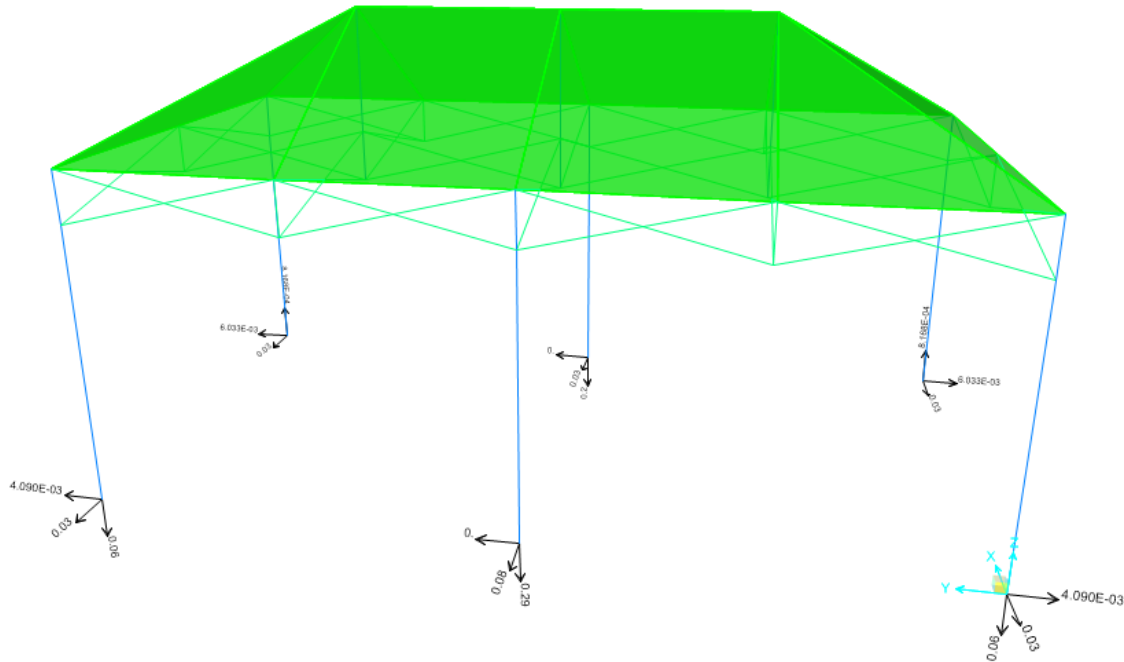
5.3.8 Max Axial force in upright support and roof beam due to critical load combination





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5.3.9 Max reactions



Max Reaction $N^* = 0.82\text{kN}$

6 Checking Members Based on AS1664.1 ALUMINIUM LSD

6.1 Upright Support

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
Hex 57x50	Upright Support				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	F_{tu}	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	F_{ty}	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	F_{cy}	= 241	MPa		
Shear	F_{su}	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	F_{sy}	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	F_{bu}	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	F_{by}	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressive	
	k_t	= 1.0			T3.4(B)
	k_c	= 1.0			



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FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS						
Axial force	P	=	0.795	kN	compression	
	P	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	M _x	=	0.6029	kNm		
Out of plane moment	M _y	=	4.92E-13	kNm		
DESIGN STRESSES						
Gross cross section area	A _g	=	332.55	mm ²		
In-plane elastic section modulus	Z _x	=	3692.8	mm ³		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	Z _y	=	3692.8	mm ³		
Stress from axial force	f _a	=	P/A _g		compression	
		=	2.39	MPa	Tension	
		=	0.00	MPa		
Stress from in-plane bending	f _{bx}	=	M _x /Z _x		compression	
		=	163.26	MPa		
Stress from out-of-plane bending	f _{by}	=	M _y /Z _y		compression	
		=	0.00	MPa		
Tension						
3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes						
	φF _L	=	228.95	MPa		
		OR				
	φF _L	=	222.70	MPa		
COMPRESSION						
3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section						
1. General						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	2420	mm		
Effective length factor	k	=	1			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	r _y	=	17.90	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	r _x	=	17.90	mm		
Slenderness ratio	kLb/ry	=	115.64			
Slenderness ratio	kL/rx	=	135.20			
Slenderness parameter	λ	=	2.53			
	D _c *	=	90.3			
	S ₁ *	=	0.33			
	S ₂ *	=	1.23			



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	ϕ_{cc}	=	0.934		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	35.29 MPa		
2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling					... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	kL/r	=	135.20		
3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates					
1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported					... 3.4.10.1 T3.3(D)
	k_1	=	0.35		
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	b'	=	53		
	t	=	2 mm		
Slenderness	b/t	=	26.5		
Limit 1	S_1	=	12.34		
Limit 2	S_2	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	189.21 MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	F_a	=	35.29 MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	F_a	=	222.70 MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	f_a/F_a	=	0.07	PASS	
BENDING - IN-PLANE					
3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections					
Unbraced length for bending	L_b	=	2070 mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	I_y	=	1.07E+05 mm ⁴		
Torsion modulus	J	=	1.94E+05 mm ³		
Elastic section modulus	Z	=	3692.8 mm ³		
Slenderness	S	=	106.26		
Limit 1	S_1	=	0.39		
Limit 2	S_2	=	1695.86		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	206.74 MPa		... 3.4.15(2)



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3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported					
	k_1	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	k_2	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	b'	=	53	mm	
	t	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	b/t	=	26.5		
Limit 1	S_1	=	12.34		
Limit 2	S_2	=	46.95		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	189.21	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	F_{bx}	=	189.21	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	f_{bx}/F_{bx}	=	0.86		PASS
BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE					
NOTE: Limit state stresses, ϕF_L are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)					
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	189.21	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	F_{by}	=	189.21	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	f_{by}/F_{by}	=	0.00		PASS
COMBINED ACTIONS					
4.1.1 Combined compression and bending					...
	F_a	=	35.29	MPa	4.1.1(2)
	F_{ao}	=	189.21	MPa	... 3.4.8
	F_{bx}	=	189.21	MPa	... 3.4.10
	F_{by}	=	189.21	MPa	... 3.4.17
	f_a/F_a	=	0.068		...
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e.	0.93	\leq	1.0		PASS
SHEAR					
3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major					...



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Axis)						4.1.1(2)
Clear web height	h	=	46	mm		
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	h/t	=	23			
Limit 1	S_1	=	29.01			
Limit 2	S_2	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	f_{sx}	=	V/A_w			
			1.58	MPa		
3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)						
Clear web height	b	=	53	mm		
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	b/t	=	26.5			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	f_{sy}	=	V/A_w			
			0.00	MPa		

6.2 Truss Bar

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
36x18x2	Truss Bar				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	F_{tu}	=	262	MPa	Ultimate
	F_{ty}	=	241	MPa	Yield
Compression	F_{cy}	=	241	MPa	
Shear	F_{su}	=	165	MPa	Ultimate
	F_{sy}	=	138	MPa	Yield
Bearing	F_{bu}	=	551	MPa	Ultimate
	F_{by}	=	386	MPa	Yield
Modulus of elasticity	E	=	70000	MPa	Compressive
	k_t	=	1.0		
	k_c	=	1.0		
FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS					



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Axial force	P	=	0.943	kN	compression	
	P	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	M _x	=	0.138	kNm		
Out of plane moment	M _y	=	2.938E-16	kNm		
DESIGN STRESSES						
Gross cross section area	A _g	=	200	mm ²		
In-plane elastic section modulus	Z _x	=	1764.148	mm ³		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	Z _y	=	1130.963	mm ³		
Stress from axial force	f _a	=	P/A _g			
		=	4.72	MPa	compression	
		=	0.00	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	f _{bx}	=	M _x /Z _x			
		=	78.22	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane bending	f _{by}	=	M _y /Z _y			
		=	0.00	MPa	compression	
Tension						
3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes						
	φF _L	=	228.95	MPa		
		O				
		R				
	φF _L	=	222.70	MPa		
COMPRESSION						
3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section						
1. General						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	2040	mm		
Effective length factor	k	=	1			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	r _y	=	7.13	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	r _x	=	12.60	mm		
Slenderness ratio	kLb/r _y	=	142.98			
Slenderness ratio	kL/r _x	=	161.90			
Slenderness parameter	λ	=	3.02			
	D _c *	=	90.3			
	S ₁ *	=	0.33			
	S ₂ *	=	1.23			
	φ _{cc}	=	0.950			



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Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	25.04	MPa		
2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling						... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	kL/r	=	161.90			
3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates						
1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported						...
	k_1	=	0.35			3.4.10.1
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	b'	=	14			T3.3(D)
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	b/t	=	7			
Limit 1	S_1	=	12.34			
Limit 2	S_2	=	32.87			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	228.95	MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	F_a	=	25.04	MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	F_a	=	222.70	MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	f_a/F_a	=	0.19		PASS	
BENDING - IN-PLANE						
3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections						
Unbraced length for bending	L_b	=	1020	mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	I_y	=	10178.66	mm ⁴		
Torsion modulus	J	=	23674.88	mm ³		
Elastic section modulus	Z	=	1764.148	mm ³		
Slenderness	S	=	231.83			
Limit 1	S_1	=	0.39			
Limit 2	S_2	=	1695.86			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	195.46	MPa		...
						3.4.15(2)



3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported					
	k_1	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	k_2	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	b'	=	14	mm	
	t	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	b/t	=	7		
Limit 1	S_1	=	12.34		
Limit 2	S_2	=	46.95		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	228.95	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	F_{bx}	=	195.46	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	f_{bx}/F_{bx}	=	0.40		PASS
BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE					
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, ϕF_L are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>					
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	195.46	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	F_{by}	=	195.46	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	f_{by}/F_{by}	=	0.00		PASS
COMBINED ACTIONS					
4.1.1 Combined compression and bending					4.1.1(2)
	F_a	=	25.04	MPa	... 3.4.8
	F_{ao}	=	228.95	MPa	... 3.4.10
	F_{bx}	=	195.46	MPa	... 3.4.17
	F_{by}	=	195.46	MPa	... 3.4.17
	f_a/F_a	=	0.188		
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$... 4.1.1(3)



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i.e. 0.59 ≤ 1.0					PASS	
SHEAR						
3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)						4.1.1(2)
Clear web height	h	=	32	mm		
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	h/t	=	16			
Limit 1	S ₁	=	29.01			
Limit 2	S ₂	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	f_{sx}	=	V/A _w			
			1.03	MPa		
3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)						
Clear web height	b	=	14	mm		
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	b/t	=	7			
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	f_{sy}	=	V/A _w			
			0.00	MPa		

6.3 Summary Forces

MEMBER(S)	Section	b	d	t	V _x	V _y	P (Axial) Negative -> Compression Positive -> Tension	M _x	M _y
		mm	mm	mm	kN	kN	kN	kN.m	kN.m
Upright Support	Hex 57x50	57	50	2	0.291	-2.4E-13	-0.795	-0.6029	4.92E-13
Truss Bar	36x18x2	18	36	2	0.132	-2.9E-14	-0.943	0.138	-2.938E-16



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7 Summary

7.1 Conclusions

- a. The 4m x 8m Tectonic Range Folding Marquees as specified has been analyzed with a conclusion that it has the capacity to withstand wind speeds up to and including **60km/hr**.
- b. For forecast winds in excess of **60km/hr** – the structure should be completely folded.
- c. For uplift due to 60km/hr, 1.2 kN (120kg) holding down weight/per leg for upright support is required.
- d. The bearing pressure of soil should be clarified and checked by an engineer prior to any construction for considering foundation and base plate.
- e. **No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of unbraced Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.**

Yours faithfully,

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8 Appendix A – Base Anchorage Requirements

4m x 8m Tectonic Range Folding Marquees:

Tent Span	Sile Type	Required Weight Per Leg
4 m	A	120kg
	B	120kg
	C	120kg
	D	120kg
	E	120kg

Definition of Soil Types:

Type A : Loose sand such as dunal sand. Uncompacted site filling may also be included in this soil type.

Type B : Medium to stiff clays or silty clays

Type C: Moderately compact sand or gravel eg. of alluvial origin.

Type D : Compact sand and gravel eg. Weathered sandstone or compacted quarry rubble hardstand

Type E : Concrete slab on ground .



9 Appendix "B" – Hold Down Method Details

